GE Healthcare

SAFETY DATA United States	SHEET				
Section 1. Identification Product name	Ni Sepharose™ 6 Fast Flow, 500 ml				
Catalogue Number	17-5318-03	9 0 1 7 5 3 1 8 0 3			
Other means of identification Product type	Not available. Liquid.				
Relevant identified uses of the subs Identified uses Use in laboratories Industrial applications: Analytical c					
Supplier	GE Healthcare UK Ltd Amersham Place Little Chalfont Buckinghamshire HP7 9NA England +44 0870 606 1921	GE Healthcare Bio-Sciences 800 Centennial Avenue P.O. Box 1327 Piscataway, NJ 08855-1327 + 1 800 526 3593			
In case of emergency	ChemTrec US (available 24/7)	1-800-424-9300			
Section 2. Hazards identif	ication				
OSHA/HCS status	This material is considered hazar	dous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).			
Classification of the substance or mixture	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2				
<u>GHS label elements</u> Hazard pictograms					
Signal word	Warning				
Hazard statements	Flammable liquid and vapor. May cause an allergic skin reacti Suspected of causing cancer.	on.			
Precautionary statements					
Prevention Response	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Use personal protective equipment as required. Wear protective gloves: 1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): butyl rubber, neoprene. Wear eye or face protection: Recommended: safety glasses with side-shields. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and hot surfaces No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment. Use only non- sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container tightly closed. Avoid breathing vapor. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.				
Storage	If skin irritation or rash occurs: G Store locked up. Store in a well-v				
Disposal		er in accordance with all local, regional, national and international			
Hazards not otherwise classified	None known.				



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Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	Mixture		
Other means of identification	Not available.		
CAS number/other identifiers			
CAS number	Not applicable.		
Product code	17-5318-03		
Ingredient name		%	CAS number
Nickel		0.12	7440-02-0

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.						
Inhalation	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.						
Skin contact	Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.						
Ingestion	Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.						
Most important symptoms/effects,	acute and delayed						
Potential acute health effects							
Eye contact	No known significant effects or critical hazards.						
Inhalation	No known significant effects or critical hazards.						
Skin contact	May cause an allergic skin reaction.						
Ingestion	No known significant effects or critical hazards.						
Over-exposure signs/symptoms							
Eye contact	No specific data.						
Inhalation	No specific data.						
Skin contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness						
Ingestion	No specific data.						
Indication of immediate medical at	tention and special treatment needed, if necessary						
Notes to physician	Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.						
Specific treatments	No specific treatment.						
Protection of first-aiders	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.						
See toxicological information (Section 11)							





Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Flammable liquid and vapor. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide
Special protective actions for fire- fighters	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.					
For emergency responders	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".					
Environmental precautions	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).					
Methods and materials for contain	Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up					
Small spill	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.					
Large spill	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.					

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store between the following temperatures: 4 to 30°C (39.2 to 86°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.





Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

·						
Control parameters						
Occupational exposure limits						
Ingredient name	Exposure limits					
Nickel	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012). Notes: Refers to Appendix A					
	Carcinogens. Inhalable fraction. See Appendix C, paragraph A.					
	Inhalable Particulate Mass TLVs (IPM–TLVs) for those materials that are hazardous when deposited anywhere in the respiratory					
	tract. 1998 Adoption.					
	TWA: 1.5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction					
	NIOSH REL (United States, 1/2013). Notes: as Ni					
	TWA: 0.015 mg/m³, (as Ni) 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010). Notes: as Ni					
	TWA: 1 mg/m³, (as Ni) 8 hours.					
	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). Notes: as Ni					
	TWA: 1 mg/m³, (as Ni) 8 hours.					
Appropriate engineering controls	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any					
Environmental exposure controls	lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.					
	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.					
Individual protection measures						
Hygiene measures	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and					
	using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.					
Eye/face protection	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the					
	following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields. Recommended: safety glasses with side-shields					
Skin protection						
Hand protection	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times					
	when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. 1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): butyl rubber, neoprene					
Body protection	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharaes, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Recommended: lab coat					
Other ship anotestica						
Other skin protection	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.					
Respiratory protection	Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.					
Personal protective equipment						
(Pictograms)						

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state Color	Liquid. solution : Colorless. / Suspension. : Blue. Green.
Odor	Sweetish. Alcohol-like. [Slight]
Odor threshold	180 ppm
рН	Not available.
Melting point	Not available.
Boiling point	Not available.



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Flash point	Closed cup: 38 to 43°C (100.4 to 109.4°F)
Burning time	Not applicable.
Burning rate	Not applicable.
Evaporation rate	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available.
Lower and upper explosive	Not available.
(flammable) limits	
Vapor pressure	Not available.
Vapor density	Not available.
Relative density	Not available.
Solubility	Easily soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
Solubility in water	Not available.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/	Not available.
water	
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
SADT	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
Incompatible materials	Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition products	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Section 11. Toxicological	mornatio				
Information on toxicological effects	<u>s</u>				
Acute toxicity Not available.					
Irritation/Corrosion Not available.					
<u>Sensitization</u> Not available.					
<u>Mutagenicity</u> Not available.					
<u>Carcinogenicity</u> Not available.					
Classification Product/ingredient name Nickel	OSHA -	IARC 2B	NTP Reasonably anticipated to be	e a human carcinogen.	
Reproductive toxicity Not available.					
<u>Teratogenicity</u> Not available.					
Specific target organ toxicity (sine Not available.	<u>gle exposure)</u>				
Specific target organ toxicity (rep Name Nickel	eated exposu	<u>re)</u>	Category Category 1	Route of exposure Not determined	Target organs Not determined
Aspiration hazard Not available.					





NI Sepharose ¹¹⁶ 6 Fast Flow, 500 mi				17-5318-					
Information on the likely routes of exposure	Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, De	rmal, Inhalati	on.						
Potential acute health effects									
Eye contact	No known significant effects or critic	al hazards.							
Inhalation	No known significant effects or critical hazards.								
Skin contact	May cause an allergic skin reaction.								
Ingestion	No known significant effects or critical hazards.								
Symptoms related to the physical,	chemical and toxicological character	ristics							
Eye contact	No specific data.								
Inhalation	No specific data.								
Skin contact	irritation	Adverse symptoms may include the following:							
Ingestion	redness No specific data.								
-	Id also chronic effects from short and	long term ex	posure						
Short term exposure		iong term ex							
Potential immediate effects	Not available.								
Potential delayed effects	Not available.								
Long term exposure									
Potential immediate effects	Not available.								
Potential delayed effects	Not available.								
Potential chronic health effects Not available.									
General	Once sensitized, a severe allergic rea	action may oc	ccur when subsequently exposed to very	low levels.					
Carcinogenicity			ends on duration and level of exposure.						
Mutagenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.								
Teratogenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.								
Developmental effects	No known significant effects or critical hazards.								
Fertility effects	No known significant effects or critic	cal hazards.							
Numerical measures of toxicity									
<u>Acute toxicity estimates</u> Not available.									
Other information	Adverse symptoms include the following: kidney abnormalities liver abnormalities Adverse symptoms may include the following: central nervous system depression								
Section 12. Ecological inf	ormation								
Toxicity									
Product/ingredient name	Result		Species	Exposure					
Nickel	Acute EC50 2 ppm Marine water		Algae - Macrocystis pyrifera - Young	4 days					
	Acute EC50 450 µg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 1000 µg/l Marine water		Aquatic plants - Lemna minor Daphnia - Daphnia magna	4 days 48 hours					
	Acute IC50 0.31 mg/l Marine water		Crustaceans - Americamysis bahia -	48 hours					
	Ĵ		Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)						
	Acute LC50 47.5 ng/L Fresh water		Fish - Heteropneustes fossilis	96 hours					
	Chronic NOEC 100 mg/l Marine wate Chronic NOEC 3.5 µg/l Fresh water	er	Algae - Glenodinium halli Fish - Cyprinus carpio	72 hours 4 weeks					
Persistence and degradability									
Not available.									
Bioaccumulative potential									
Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential						
Nickel	-	16	low						
Mobility in soil									
Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	Not available.								

Other adverse effects





No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Section 14. Transport information

Section 14. Transport in Product is not regulated as do		r transport.						
Section 15. Regulatory	information							
U.S. Federal regulations	United States	TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted. Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: Nickel						
Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals) DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals) SARA 302/304			Not listed Not listed Not listed Not listed					
Composition/information on	ingredients							
No products were found.	-							
SARA 304 RQ	Not applicabl	e.						
SARA 311/312 Classification	Fire hazard Immediate (a	cute) health h onic) health ha						
Composition/information on								
Name	(%	Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Imme (acut healt hazaı	h	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
Nickel	0	.12	No.	No.	No.	Yes.		Yes.
<u>SARA 313</u>								
	Product name				CAS numbe	r	%	
Form R - Reporting requirements	Nickel				7440-02-0		0.12	
Supplier notification	Nickel				7440-02-0		0.12	
SARA 313 notifications must no redistribution of the notice atto					bution of the SDS sho	all inclue	de copying	g and
State regulations								
Massachusetts	The following components are listed: ETHYL ALCOHOL							
New York	-	The following components are listed: Nickel						
New Jersey Pennsylvania		The following components are listed: ETHYL ALCOHOL; ALCOHOL; NICKEL The following components are listed: DENATURED ALCOHOL; NICKEL						
California Prop. 65	The following	components	ure listeu.		LCOHOL, MICKEL			
WARNING: This product contai	ins a chemical know	un to the State	of Califor	nia to cause co	Incer			
Ingredient name		Cancer		ductive	No significant risk	امريما	Maximu	m accentable
Nickel		Yes.	No.		No.	ievei	Maximum acceptable dosage level No.	
		100.	INU.		110.		110.	
International regulations								



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Canada inventory	All components are listed or e	exempted.				
International lists	Australia inventory (AICS): All components are listed or exempted.					
	China inventory (IECSC): All c	components are listed or exempted.				
	Japan inventory: Not determ	nined.				
	Korea inventory: All components are listed or exempted.					
	Malaysia Inventory (EHS Reg	gister): Not determined.				
	New Zealand Inventory of C	hemicals (NZIOC): All components are listed or exempted.				
	Philippines inventory (PICCS): All components are listed or exempted.				
	Taiwan inventory (CSNN): No	ot determined.				
Chemical Weapons Convent	ion List Schedule I Chemicals	Not listed				
Chemical Weapons Convent	ion List Schedule II Chemicals	Not listed				
Chemical Weapons Convent	ion List Schedule III Chemicals	Not listed				

Section 16. Other information

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

<u>History</u>

Date of printing	10/23/2014
Dute of printing	
Date of issue/Date of revision	9/28/2014.
Date of previous issue	3/24/2014.
Version	4.01
Key to abbreviations	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations
References	Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.



